



APPENDIX ONE

IMPLICATIONS COUNSELLING

(1) The counselling that is referred to in section 17(c)(i) of the Act is counselling provided by an approved counsellor as outlined in Regulation 4(1)(a-s) that cover the following issues —

(a) the likely effect of the surrogacy arrangement on the birth mother and on her relationship with the arranged parents;

(b) whether, and to what extent, the birth mother should allow the arranged parents or a donor to express their views about aspects of the birth mother's lifestyle and behaviour during a pregnancy in connection with the surrogacy arrangement;

(c) whether prenatal testing will be considered and how the birth mother, the arranged parents and any donor will address a situation where a serious defect of a foetus is found;

(d) identification of expenses associated with the pregnancy and the birth that may be paid on behalf of, or reimbursed to, the birth parents and the circumstances in which those expenses may be paid or reimbursed;

(e) identification of expenses associated with a donation of eggs or sperm intended to be used for the conception of a child that may be paid on behalf of, or reimbursed to, a donor and the circumstances in which those expenses may be paid or reimbursed;

(f) who is to be present at a child's birth;

(g) arrangements for the arranged parents to take care of a child following birth, including the process of separation of birth parents from the child;

(h) how the birth of a child born with a disability would be dealt with under the surrogacy arrangement;

(i) how the separation of the arranged parents, or the death of either or both of them, before a child's birth would be dealt with under the surrogacy arrangement;

(j) what information would be given to the child about the



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circumstances of the child's birth and when and by whom it would be given;

(k) what communication it is proposed that a child would have with the birth parents and the family of the birth parents during childhood and how any proposed contact is to be managed;

(l) what communication it is proposed that a child would have with a donor and the family of a donor during childhood and how any proposed contact is to be managed;

(m) the likely effects of the surrogacy arrangement on other children of the birth parents or the arranged parents, and the involvement of those children in the process in ways appropriate to their age and maturity;

(n) the likely effects of the surrogacy arrangement on the birth mother's husband or de facto partner (if any), including consideration of how the surrogacy arrangement may impact on that relationship;

(o) the likely effects of the surrogacy arrangement on a donor or the family of a donor;

(p) how the situation of birth parents changing their minds about transferring the care of a child to the arranged parents would be dealt with;

(q) the attitude towards, and impact of, the surrogacy arrangement on the extended families of the birth parents, the arranged parents and any donor;

(r) the level of support networks for the parties during the surrogacy arrangement;

(s) methods of conflict resolution.

(2) The approved counsellor is to determine the process to be used in the provision of counselling.

(3) The approved counsellor is to prepare and give to the arranged parents a written certificate stating —

(a) the name of each party who has undertaken the counselling referred to in subregulation (1); and



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(b) details of any concern the counsellor has about the surrogacy arrangement as a result of the counselling;
and

(c) the day on which counselling was completed by each of the parties.